#### PARASITIC LOAD EXPLANATION & TEST PROCEDURES

ABC123	Entire Article
	2000 Chevrolet Camaro

#### ARTICLE BEGINNING

GENERAL INFORMATION

Parasitic Load Explanation & Test Procedures

#### \* PLEASE READ THIS FIRST \*

This article is provided for general information only. Not all procedures apply to all makes and models.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

The term Parasitic Load refers to electrical devices that continue to use or draw current after the ignition switch is turned to OFF position. This small amount of continuous battery draw is expressed in milliamps (mA). On Ford Motor Co. and General Motors vehicles produced after 1980, a typical Parasitic Load should be no more than 50 milliamps (0.050 amps).

Vehicles produced since 1980 have memory devices that draw current with ignition off for as long as 20 minutes before shutting down the Parasitic Drain. When Parasitic Load exceeds normal specifications, the vehicle may exhibit dead battery and no-start condition.

Follow test procedure for checking Parasitic Loads to completion. A brief overview of a suggested test procedure is included along with some typical Parasitic Load specifications. Refer to the GENERAL MOTORS PARASITIC LOAD TABLE chart.

# **TESTING FOR PARASITIC LOAD**

## INTRODUCTION

CAUTION: Always turn ignition off when connecting or disconnecting battery cables, battery chargers or jumper cables. DO NOT turn test switch to OFF position (which causes current to run through ammeter or vehicle electrical system).

NOTE: Memory functions of various accessories must be reset after the battery is reconnected.

The battery circuit must be opened to connect test switch (shunt) and ammeter into the circuit. When a battery cable is removed, timer circuits within the vehicle computer are interrupted and immediately begin to discharge. If in doubt about the condition of the ammeter fuse, test it with an ohmmeter prior to beginning test. An open fuse will show the same reading (00.00) as no parasitic drain. Begin test sequence with the meter installed and on the 10-amp scale. Select lower scale to read parasitic draw.

#### TEST PROCEDURE USING TEST SWITCH

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- 1) Turn ignition off. Remove negative battery terminal cable. Install Disconnect Tool (J-38758) test switch male end to negative battery cable. Turn test switch knob to OFF position (current through meter). Install negative battery cable to the female end of test switch.
- 2) Turn test switch knob to ON position (current through switch). Road test vehicle with vehicle accessories on (radio, air conditioner, etc.). After road test, turn ignition switch to LOCKED position and remove key. Connect ammeter terminals to test switch terminals. See Fig. 1. Select 10-amp scale.
- 3) Turn off all electrical accessories. Turn off interior lights, underhood lamp, trunk light, illuminated entry, etc. To avoid damaging ammeter or obtaining a false meter reading, all accessories must be off before turning test switch knob to OFF position.
- 4) Turn test switch knob to OFF position to allow current to flow through ammeter. If meter reads wrong polarity, turn test switch to ON position and reverse leads. Turn test switch to OFF position. Observe current reading. If reading is less than 2 amps, turn test switch to ON position to keep electrical circuits powered-up.
- 5) Select low amp scale. Switch lead to the correct meter position. Turn test switch to OFF position and compare results to normal current draw. See the GENERAL MOTORS PARASITIC LOAD TABLE. If current draw is unusually high for the vehicle's overall electrical system, remove system fuses one at a time until current draw returns to normal.
- 6) Turn test switch to ON position each time door is opened or fuse is removed. Turn switch to OFF position to read current draw value through meter. When the cause of excessive current drain has been located and repaired, remove test switch and reconnect negative battery cable to the negative battery terminal.

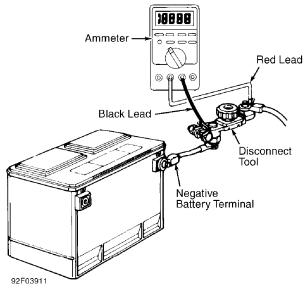


Fig. 1: Connecting Kent-Moore Disconnect Tool (J-38758) Courtesy of General Motors Corp.

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GENERAL MOTORS PARASITIC LOAD TABLE (MILLIAMPS) Normal Maxi mum Time-Out Component Draw Draw (Minutes) Anti-Theft System ..... 0.4 .... 1.0 ..... ... Auto Door Lock ...... 1.0 .... 1.0 ..... Body Control Module ...... 3.6 ... 12.4 ...... 20 Central Processing System ...... 1.6 .... 2.7 ...... 20 Electronic Control Module ..... 5.6 ... 10.0 ..... Electronic Level Control ...... 2.0 .... 3.3 ...... 20 Heated Windshield Module ..... 0.3 .... 0.4 ..... HVAC Power Module ..... 1.0 .... 1.0 Illuminated Entry ...... 1.0 .... 1.0 .... 1 Light Control Module ..... 0.5 .... 1.0 ...... Oil Level Module ..... 0.1 .... 0.1 .... Multi-Function Chime ..... 1.0 .... 1.0 Pass Key Decoder Module ..... 0.75 .... 1.0 ..... Power Control Module ..... 5.0 .... 7.0 ..... Retained Accessory Power ..... 3.8 .... 3.8 . . . . 8. 0 Radi o ..... 7. 0 Twilight Sentinel Module ...... 1.0 .... 1.0 ..... Voltage Regulator ..... 1.4 .... 2.0 . . . . . . . 

#### INTERMITTENT PARASITIC LOAD PROBLEMS

Intermittent parasitic lad can occur because of a memory device that does not power down with ignition off. With an intermittent parasitic load, battery draw can be greater than 1.0 amp. To find and intermittent problem requires that an ammeter and Disconnect Tool (J-38758) test switch be connected and left in the circuit. See Fig. 1. Road test vehicle. After road test, turn ignition off and remove key.

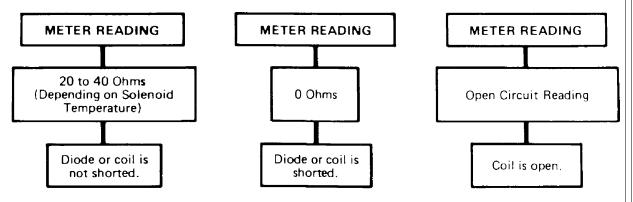
Monitor the milliamps scale for 15-20 minutes after ignition is turned off. This allows monitoring memory devices to determine if they time out and stop drawing memory current. The test switch is needed to protect ammeter when the vehicles is started.

DIODE CHECK & SOLENOID TEST (GENERAL MOTORS)

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- **Step 1)** Select the X1 SCALE and zero the needle.
- Step 2) Attach the POSITIVE SOLENOID LEAD (Red lead) to the POSITIVE METER LEAD and the NEGATIVE SOLENOID LEAD (Black lead) to the NEGATIVE METER LEAD.



Step 3) Reverse the solenoid lead attachments.

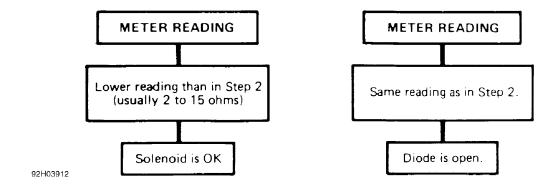


Fig. 2: Diode Check & Solenoid Test (General Motors) Courtesy of General Motors Corp.

QUAD DRIVER TEST (GENERAL MOTORS)

# PARASITIC LOAD EXPLANATION & TEST PROCEDURES **ABC123 Entire Article** 2000 Chevrolet Camaro REMOVE THE ECM FROM THE VEHICLE. . VERIFY TERMINALS THAT ARE QDR OUTPUTS. USING THE 100/200K OHMS SCALE ON DVOM, MEASURE RESISTANCE BETWEEN THE ECM CASE AND EACH ECM TERMINAL LISTED, BLACK (NEG) LEAD TO CASE AND RED (POS) LEAD TO ECM TERMINAL. ALL QUAD DRIVER TERMINALS SHOULD HAVE RESISTANCE OF 50K OHMS OR MORE. NO YES THE PRIOR TEST HAS DETERMINED THAT A QDR IN . KEY "ON", ENGINE NOT RUNNING. THE PRIOR TEST HAS DETERMINED THAT A ODR IN THE ECM HAS BEEN DAMAGED. IT IS MOST IMPORTANT TO LOCATE AND REPAIR THE CIRCUIT OR COMPONENT THAT CAUSED THE DAMAGE. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL RESULT IN ANOTHER FAILURE OF THE NEWLY REPLACED ECM. ANY TERMINAL WITH LESS THAN 50K OHMS RESISTANCE IS CONNECTED TO A DEFECTIVE ODR. THE ECM TERMINAL WITH THE LOWEST RESISTANCE WAS CONNECTED TO THE VEHICLE CIRCUIT MOST LIKELY TO HAVE CAUSED THE GDR FAILURE. USE A FUSED AMMETER CAPABLE OF MEASURING AT LEAST 2 AMPS (J 34029-A OR EQUIVALENT). CONNECT ONE LEAD OF THE AMMETER TO CHASSIS GROUND. CONNECT THE REMAINING LEAD TO EACH VEHICLE CIRCUIT WHICH WAS TESTED ABOVE. MEASURE SUSTAINED CURRENT FLOW THROUGH EACH CIRCUIT FOR 2 MINUTES EACH (IN MOST CASES, THE TCC SOLENOID CANNOT BE EASILY TESTED FOR CURRENT DRAW). NOTE AMPERAGE. DISCONNECT THE COMPONENT IN THAT VEHICLE CIRCUIT AND CHECK FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE. IF THE CIRCUIT IS NOT SHORTED TO VOLTAGE, REPLACE THE COMPONENT IN THAT CIRCUIT AND THE ECM. IF NO CIRCUIT(S) HAS MORE THAN 0.75 AMPS CURRENT DRAW. EGR SOLENOIDS TEND TO DRAW ABOUT 1.2 AMPS. IF CIRCUIT(S) HAS MORE THAN 0.75 AMPS CURRENT DRAW. EGR SOLENOIDS TEND TO DRAW ABOUT 1.2 AMPS. CHECK FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE IN EXCESSIVE REPLACE ECM. CURRENT DRAW CIRCUIT. IF NO SHORT TO VOLTAGE, REPLACE RELATED SOLENOID OR RELAY. 92J03913 Fig. 3: Quad Driver Test (General Motors) Courtesy of General Motors Corp. **END OF ARTICLE** Friday, May 17, 2002 01:41PM Page 5 © 2001 Mitchell Repair Information Co., LLC.